



C++ VS. JAVA

C++ arrays are a primitive data type

Java arrays are objects

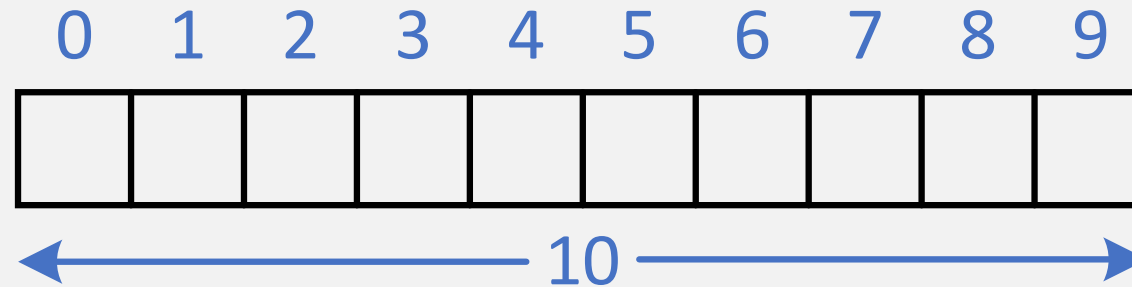


TRACKING THE SIZE

- Java arrays have a length attribute (instance field)
 - `int[] scores = new int[10];`
 - `scores.length`
- C++ arrays are really pointers – they do not have attributes or fields
 - Track the size with a (named) constant
 - `const int size = 10;`
 - `int scores[size];`



BOUNDS CHECKING



- Java checks each array index, throws an exception if the index is out of bounds
 - `scores[i]`, throws an exception if $i < 0$ or if $i \geq 10$
- C++ does not check any array index
 - `scores[-1]` or `scores[10]` will crash the program or corrupt adjacent data

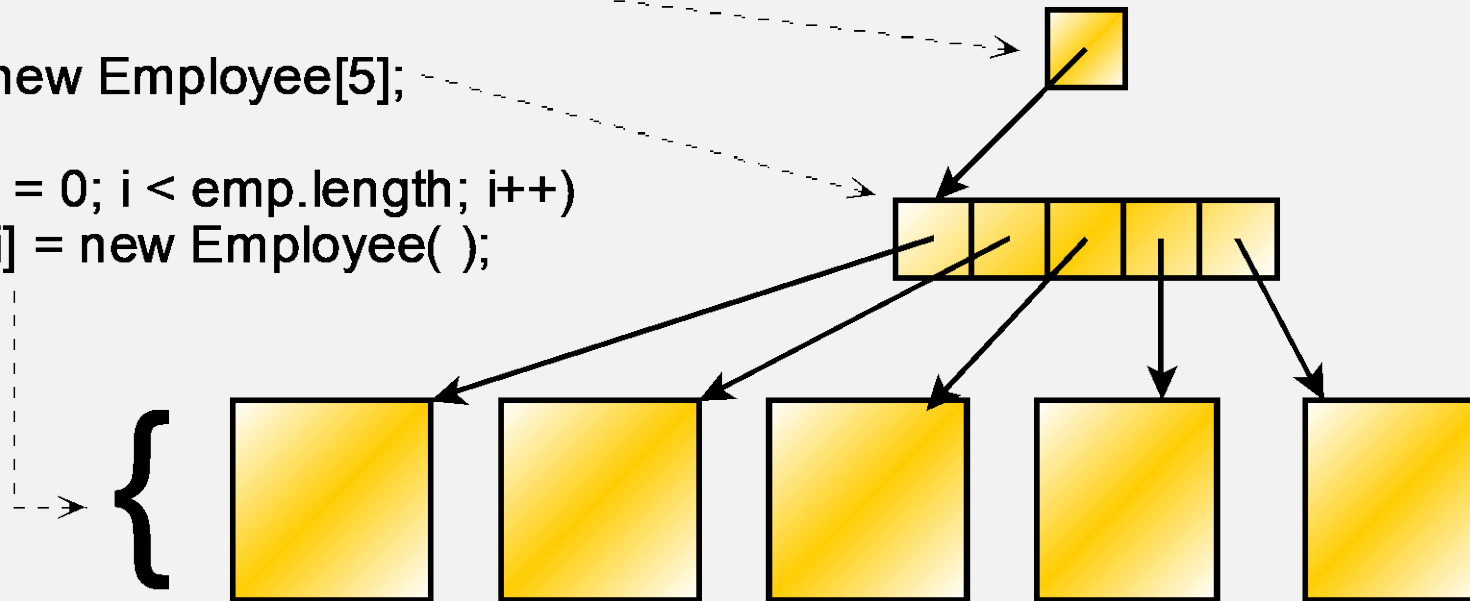


JAVA: ARRAYS OF OBJECTS

```
Employee[ ] emp;
```

```
emp = new Employee[5];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < emp.length; i++)  
    emp[i] = new Employee( );
```

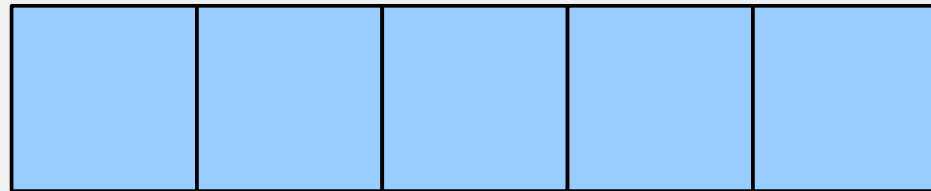




C++: AUTOMATIC ARRAYS OF OBJECTS

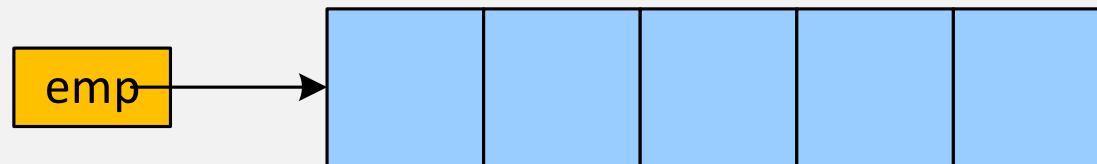
```
Employee emp[5];
```

emp



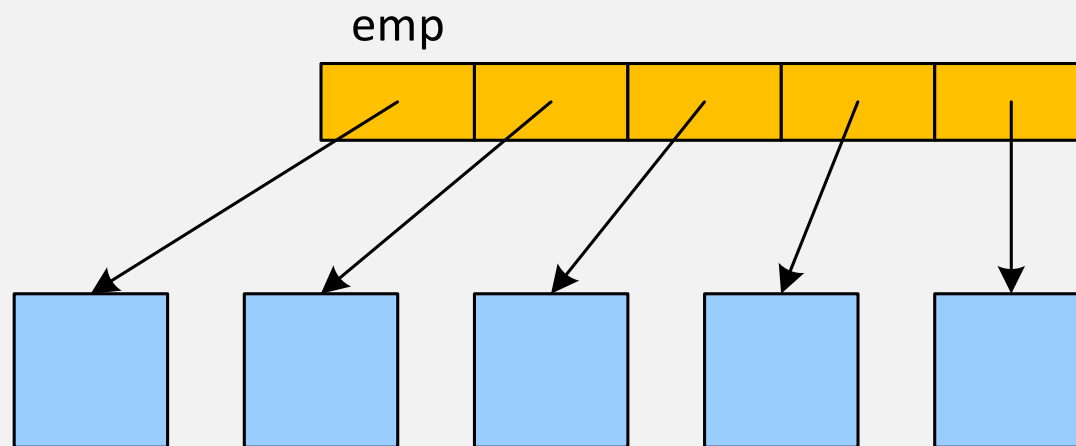
C++: DYNAMIC ARRAYS OF OBJECTS

```
Employee* emp;  
emp = new Employee[5];
```



C++: ARRAY OF POINTERS TO OBJECTS

```
Employee* emp[5];  
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
    emp[i] = new Employee;
```



C++: POINTER TO AN ARRAY OF POINTERS

```
Employee** emp;  
emp = new Employee*[5];  
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
    emp[i] = new Employee;
```

