



STRCAT

C-String Concatenation Function

THE C-STRING CONCATENATION FUNCTION

- `char* strcat(char* s1, const char* s2);`
- Concatenates `s2` at the end of `s1`, returns `s1`
 - `s1` must be large enough to hold the contents of `s1` and `s2`
 - `s1` may or may not be empty, but it must be null-terminated
 - The old null-termination character is overridden

