

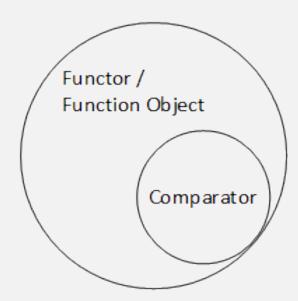
operator()

An Introduction To Functors



PARENTHESES

- C++ implements three operations with parentheses
 - Grouping
 - Casting
 - Functions
- operator()
 - Function objects
 - Functors





OVERLOADING operator()

- return-type operator()(parameter-list)
- return-type result = foo(args)
- bool operator()()
- bool operator()(const Employee& e1, const Employee& e2) const



THE NPL PSEUDO RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR

```
class NPL
{
    public:
        double operator()();
        long operator()(long max);
};

long NPL::operator()(long max)
{
    return (long)fmod(max * operator()(), max);
    //return (long)fmod(max * (*this)(), max);
}
```



USING FUNCTORS

```
int main()
{
    NPLnpl(41, 67, 91);

    for (int i = 100; i < 110; i++)
        cout < npl() << " " << npl(i) << endl;

    return 0;
}</pre>
```



APPLICATION CLASS



COMPARATOR CLASS I

```
class compByName
{
    public:
        bool operator()(const Employee& e1, const Employee& e2) const
        {
            return e1.getName() <= e2.getName();
        }
};</pre>
```



COMPARATOR CLASS 2

```
class compByNumber
{
    public:
        bool operator()(const Employee& e1, const Employee& e2) const
        {
            if (e1.getPosition() == e2.getPosition())
                return e1.getID() <= e2.getID();
            return e1.getPosition() <= e2.getPosition();
        }
};</pre>
```



COMPARATORS AS FUNCTION ARGUMENTS

```
cout << min(e1, e2, compByNumber()) << endl;
cout << min(e1, e2, compByName()) << endl;</pre>
```