

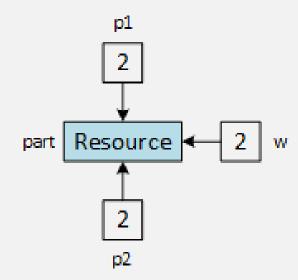
AN INTRODUCTION TO SMART POINTERS

Objects managing pointers



C++ SMART POINTERS

- Classes wrapping raw pointers
 - The raw pointer is private
 - Access through public functions
 - Maintain a reference count
- Three kinds of smart pointers
 - unique_ptr
 - shared_ptr
 - weak_ptr





SMART POINTERS ARE TEMPLATE CLASSES

```
int main()
class part
                                                 shared_ptr<part> p1 =
    private:
                                                     make_shared<part>("Widget", 1);
        string name;
                                                 shared_ptr<part> p2 = p1;
        int
               id;
                                                 weak_ptr<part> w = p1;
    public:
        part(string n) : name(n) {}
                                                 cout << p1.use_count() << endl;</pre>
        ~part() { cout << "dtor\n"; }
                                                 return 0;
        string get_name()
            { return name; }
};
```



unique_ptr



shared_ptr

```
shared ptr<part> shared =
                                                   if (shared.unique())
    make_shared<part>("Bolt", 20);
                                                        cout << "Unique\n";</pre>
shared_ptr<part> shared2 = shared;
                                                   else
shared ptr<part> shared3 =
                                                        cout << "Shared\n";</pre>
    make shared<part>("Bolt", 20);
                                                   shared.reset(new part("Screw", 30));
cout << "(1) " << shared->get_name() <<</pre>
    " " << shared.use_count() << endl;</pre>
                                                   if (shared)
cout << "(2) " << shared2->get_name() <<</pre>
                                                        cout << shared->get name() << endl;</pre>
    " " << shared2.use_count() << endl;</pre>
                                                   else
                                                        cout << "shared is empty\n";</pre>
cout << "(3) " << shared3->get_name() <<</pre>
    " " << shared3.use_count() << endl;</pre>
```

weak_ptr (1)



weak_ptr (2)

```
weak.reset();

if (weak.expired())
    cout << "weak unavailable" << endl;
else
    cout << weak.use_count() << endl;
cout << "(5) " << shared.use_count() << " " << locked.use_count() << endl;</pre>
```