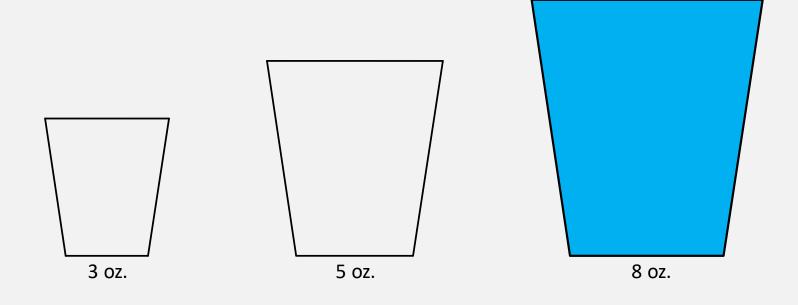


POURING PUZZLE

Objects and Member Functions



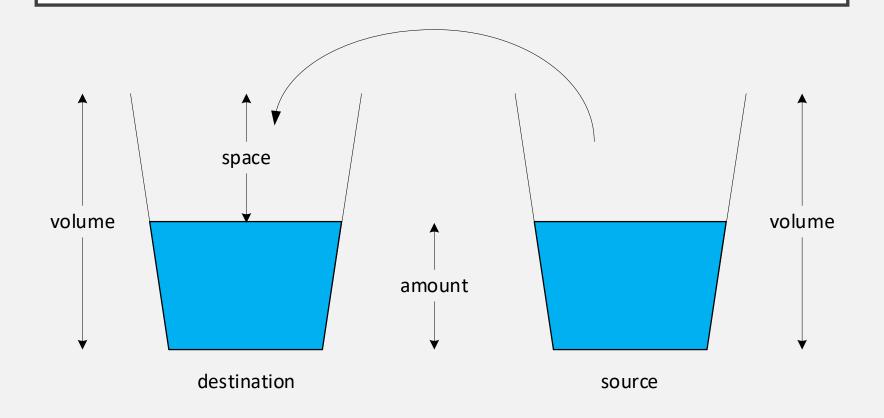
THE PROBLEM





THE POUR OPERATION:

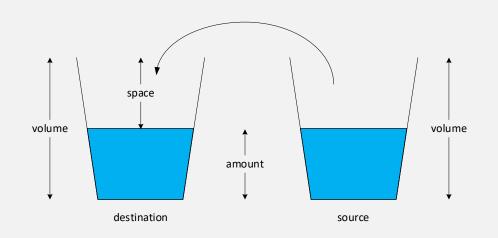
destination.pour(source)





POURING ALGORITHM (VERSION I):

destination.pour(source)



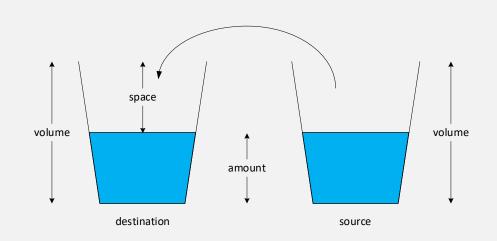
```
int space = volume - amount;

if (space < source.amount)
{
     source.amount -= space
     amount = volume
}
else
{
     amount += source.amount
     source.amount = 0
}</pre>
```



POURING ALGORITHM (VERSION 2):

destination.pour(source)



```
int space = volume - amount;

transfer = min(space, source.amount)
amount += transfer
```

source.amount -= transfer



PASSING THE "SOURCE" GLASS

PASS BY REFERENCE

Glass

-pours : int
-volume : int
-amount : int

+Glass(a_volume: int, a_amount: int)

+getVolume(): int +getAmount(): int +display(): void +getPours(): int

+pour(source : Glass &) : void

PASS BY POINTER

Glass

-pours : int
-volume : int
-amount : int

+Glass(a_volume: int, a_amount: int)

+getVolume() : int
+getAmount() : int
+display() : void
+getPours() : int

+pour(source : Glass *) : void



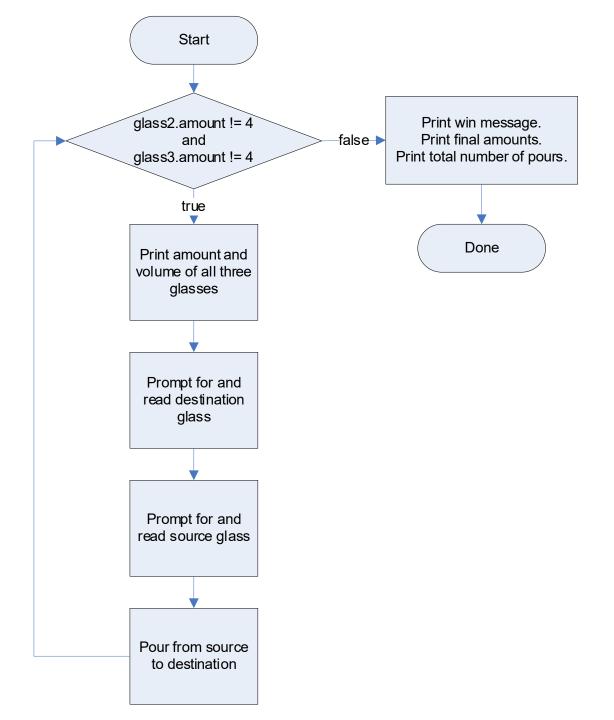
MANAGING THE GLASSES: SEPARATE OBJECTS

```
while (the puzzle is not solved)
Glass g1(3, 0);
Glass g2(5, 0);
                              int source = user input;
Glass g3(8, 8);
                              int destination = user input;
g1.pour(g2);
                              if (destination == 1 && source == 2)
g2.pour(g1);
                                  q1.pour(q2);
g1.pour(g3);
                              else if (destination == 2 && source == 1)
g3.pour(g1);
                                  g2.pour(g1);
g2.pour(g3);
g3.pour(g2);
```



MANAGING THE GLASSES: ARRAY OF OBJECTS





THE PUZZLE LOGIC